



Bodies of the murdered, and ruins of the non-military art center of Dresden, in which it is estimated 150,000 civilians were unnecessarily killed by endless demolition bombing of the U.S. and British planes.

If the American high command ever decides to carry the war against the real military enemy in North Vietnam with half the zeal and venom that they slaughtered defenseless civilians in Dresden, the Vietnam War will end in a big hurry!

GERMAN PROSPERITY ENVY OF WORLD

Our "Experts" Almost Ruined Germany!
... A Vital Lesson for the United States

By LAWRENCE FERTIG

In 1951 the U.S. State Department sent a commission of American economists to West Germany to investigate and make recommendation to that government on fiscal policy. Chairman of the commission was Prof. Alvin W. Hansen of Harvard. Prof. Walter W. Heller, chairman of President Kennedy's Council of Economic Advisers, joined the commission and is reported to have had a hand in writing the report. The world has long waited to view this report, which was classified as a secret document. Many people want to know precisely what measures were recommended by Dr. Heller and the other economists, and to what extent the phenomenal West German prosperity is related to the prescription which they gave for Germany's economic health.

On excellent authority, I have the substance, as well as a number of quotations from this 400-page report. I believe it is in the public interest for the American public to know about this. It would appear that the German government practically threw this report into the wastebasket, and pursued policies which were the opposite of those recommended by Dr. Heller and his associates. Today, as we know, German prosperity is the envy of the world. What would have happened had they followed the commission's recommendations? The reader may answer that for himself.

Here are some of the recommendations in the report: (1) That Germany had an "excessive concern for price stability." It tried to egg the Germans on to more inflation and said that they (the Germans) tended to "confuse wartime inflation with the normal operations of peace-time credit." The Germans would have none of this. They kept the lid on the money supply and refused to pursue a cheap money policy. Germany had less inflation than any nation in Europe, and as a result she had more prosperity.

(2) Our economists told them that "a rate of interest high enough to stimulate any large volume of personal savings would seriously curtail investment." The Germans scoffed at that idea and they encouraged savings by a high rate of interest. Instead of German investments being curtailed, they were expanded. German industry made the most rapid strides in Europe.

(3) The Germans allowed fast depreciation of capital investment and gave special inducement to corporations to increase their investment in new plants and equipment. American economists objected to this, saying that "it was an expenditure of tax funds which would otherwise have been collected by the government." Always the Americans suggested that the government should be dominant in the economy. The Germans completely disregarded this recommendation and went their own sweet way to prosperity.

(4) Finally, the American report said that "the nostalgic hopes . . . looking toward a revival of the nineteenth century role of a

capital market are doomed to disappointment. The capital market plays no such role in any modern country and there is no prospect that it will." This is probably the most ridiculous statement in the report.

The capital market has been the main-spring of German prosperity and it certainly has been the heart of American progress. Plainly, Dr. Heller and his associates never had any confidence in the heart of the private capitalist system — the private capital market.

Is It Good Advice for U.S.?

This raises grave questions as to whether we ought to follow advice for this country now being given by some of these same people in Washington. Is the economic philosophy represented by the Heller school of economics right or wrong for the United States? This type of thinking now dominates the Administration, and therefore the question is pertinent. Will it lead to a high degree of prosperity and maintain the free economic system in the United States?

The important point is that the Hansen-Heller report urged Germany to engage in deficit spending, to maintain a cheap money policy, to enlarge government economic activity and shrink the private area (the same policies which they advocate today for the U.S.). Economics Minister Erhard summarily rejected this advice. Instead, he adopted a policy of balanced budgets, monetary restraint, encouragement of private enterprise and incentive for individual effort. The result was what became known as "the miracle of German recovery."

Remember the Alamo!

Remember Pearl Harbor!

Remember the Liberty!

Did you ever stop to ponder what the world might be like today if Germans, rather than Jews, had been wise enough to purchase monopoly control of our radio and TV networks and of our major daily newspapers? If this had been the case, it is doubtful that WW II would ever have been fought. Germany would still be acting as a mighty dam to hold back the flood tide of Marxism. Our brushfire wars, such as Korea, would not have been fought, and Viet Nam would not now be draining the life blood of America.

The fact remains, however, that Jews own most of our organs of propaganda, and they constantly brainwash our people into doing the Jewish bidding. Let us make it increasingly tougher for any white American to become an errand boy for the Jews. Certainly no such person deserves the respect of the American people. Let us take the organs of propaganda out of the hands of our enemies and confiscate his money and his properties to compensate for the lives of Americans already destroyed; and world communism will fall flat on its red face. When we sacrificed the lives of three hundred thousand of our finest young men during WW II to pull the badly burned Jewish chestnuts out of the German fire, we were the world's most incredible and colossal fools. We were fighting the wrong enemy, at the wrong time, in the wrong place. Don't let the Jews ever again decide for us who our enemies are.

Dresden Bombing

"... Worst Massacre in the History of the World." R. H. S. Crossman

By PROF. A. J. APP, Ph.D.

The devastation of Dresden in February, 1945, was one of those crimes against humanity whose authors would have been arraigned at Nuremberg if that court had not been perverted.

When the Red Army was approaching, only sixty miles away, and a million refugees had swelled the population of Dresden, a totally non-military art city, a hospital center, to 1,250,000, British and American bombers loosed three waves of bomb attacks on the defenseless city. These three attacks occurred within a space of 12 hours and was followed up with waves of Mustangs who machine-gunned the fleeing survivors.

Out of 28,410 houses in the inner city, they left 24,866 destroyed; 11 square miles of the town were devastated; there were but 35,000 recognizable corpses and an estimated 100,000 unrecognizable ones! By contrast: Hiroshima's atom bomb casualties were 71,879.

How did this Allied mass atrocity come to be perpetrated? Because Churchill wanted a "thunderclap of Anglo-American aerial annihilation so frightful that it would impress Stalin, on the eve of the Yalta Conference!"

On January 25, 1945, the order to wipe out Dresden was given, and the night designated was February 13, when on Shrove Tuesday a maximum of children in Carnival garb might be expected about.

At 10:09 while gangs of little girls were wandering about in fancy dress, the British for 24 minutes created a fire storm over the city, ripping off roofs, sucking oxygen out of air-raid shelters, converting the inner city into a hell of flames.

When by 1:22 some 10,000 wretched survivors had crowded into the Grosse Garten, the second wave of bombers deliberately directed their terror on this garden, and on the hospitals. Of its 19 hospitals, 16 were badly damaged and 3 including the main maternity clinic, totally destroyed. Heroic nurses managed to drag thousands of crippled survivors . . . to the banks of the River Elbe, where they laid in rows on the grass to await daylight.

The Anglo-American "re-educators" of Germany had not sadism enough yet. At 11:30, 211 American Flying Fortresses blasted what was left of the city and parks so that the city burned for five days. Yet even this third all-out massacre did not content the Churchill-Roosevelt-Morgenthau murderers. So that if possible, not one single woman or child might drag itself to safety, they sent in:

. . . Scores of Mustang fighters, diving low over the bodies huddled on the banks of the Elbe, as well as on the larger lawns of the "Grosse Garten," in order to shoot them. Other Mustangs chose as their targets the crowds of refugees that blocked every road out of Dresden. No one knows how many women and children were killed by those dive-bombing attacks but they have become the symbol of Anglo-American sadism!